Sentinel LABS

BlackCat Ransomware | Highly-Configurable, Rust-Driven RaaS On The Prowl For Victims

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BlackCat (aka AlphaVM, AlphaV) is a newly established RaaS

(Ransomware as a Service) with payloads written in Rust. While BlackCat is not the first ransomware written in the Rust language, it joins a small (yet growing) sliver of the malware landscape making use of this popular crossplatform language.

First <u>appearing</u> in late November, BlackCat has <u>reportedly</u> been attacking targets in multiple countries, including Australia, India and the U.S, and demanding ransoms in the region of \$400,000 to \$3,000,000 in Bitcoin or Monero.

BlackCat Ransomware Overview

In order to attract affiliates, the authors behind BlackCat have been heavily marketing their services in well-known underground forums.

BlackCat operators maintain a victim blog as is standard these days. The blog hosts company names and any data leaked in the event that the victims do not agree to cooperate.

Current data indicates primary delivery of BlackCat is via 3rd party framework/toolset (e.g., Cobalt Strike) or via exposed (and vulnerable) applications. BlackCat currently supports both Windows and Linux operating systems.

BlackCat Configuration Options

Samples analyzed (to date) require an "access token" to be supplied as a parameter upon execution. This is similar to threats like Egregor, and is often used as an anti-analysis tactic. This 'feature' exists in both the Windows and Linux versions of BlackCat.

However, the BlackCat samples we analyzed could be launched with any string supplied as the access token. For example:

Malware.exe -v --access-token 12345

The ransomware supports a visible command set, which can be obtained via the -h or --help parameters.

```
:\Users\admin1\Desktop>worldwideStrata.exe --help
:\Users\admin1\Desktop>
    [OPTIONS] [SUBCOMMAND]
OPTIONS:
                                                  Access Token
                                                   Run as child process
                                                  Invoked with drag and drop
                                                  Drop drag and drop target batch file
Print help information
                                                  Enable logging to specified file
                                                   Do not discover network shares on Windows
                                                   Do not self propagate(worm) on Windows
       --no-prop-servers <NO_PROP_SERVERS>... Do not propagate to defined servers
                                                   Do not stop VMs on ESXi
                                                   Do not wipe VMs snapshots on ESXi
                                                  Do not update desktop wallpaper on Windows
                                                  Only process files inside defined paths
Run as propagated process
                                                  Show user interface
                                                   Log to console
```

BlackCat command line options

As seen above, the executable payloads support a variety of commands, many of which are VMware-centric.

```
--no-prop
on Windows

--no-prop-servers <NO_PROP_SERVERS>
bo not propagate to defined servers

--no-vm-kill
bo not stop VMs on ESXi

--no-vm-snapshot-kill
bo not wipe VMs snapshots
on ESXi

--no-wall
wallpaper on Windows
```

In verbose mode (-v) the following output can be observed upon launch of the BlackCat payloads:

```
:\Users\admin1\Desktop>worldwideStrata.exe --ui --access-token 12345 -v
:\Users\admin1\Desktop>18:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting Supervisor
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting Discoverer
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting File Unlockers
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting File Processing Pipeline
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::pipeline::chunk_workers_supervisor: spawned_workers=2
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::pipeline::file_worker_pool: spawned_file_dispatchers=2
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Detecting Other Instances
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Detecting Other Instances
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting cluster Service
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Connecting to Cluster
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Onecting to Cluster
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting Platform
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting Platform
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::stack: Starting Platform
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::os::windows::privilege_escalation: win7_plus=true
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::os::windows::privilege_escalation: token_is_admin=false
8:37:13 [INFO] locker::core::os::windows::privilege_escalation: masquerade_peb
8:37:14 [INFO] locker::core::os::windows::privilege_escalation: escalate=success
```

BlackCat ransomware run in verbose mode

BlackCat Execution and Encryption Behaviour

Immediately upon launch, the malware will attempt to validate the existence of the previously mentioned access-token, followed by querying for the system UUID (wmic).

Those pieces of data are concatenated together into what becomes the 'Access key' portion of their recovery URL displayed in the ransom note. In addition, on Windows devices, BlackCat attempts to delete VSS (Volume Shadow Copies) as well as enumerate any accessible drives to search for and encrypt eligible files.

Other configuration parameters are evaluated before proceeding to execute multiple privilege escalation methods, based on the OS identified

by wmic earlier. These methods are visible at the time of execution and include the use of the Com Elevation Moniker.

It is at this point that BlackCat will attempt to terminate any processes or services listed within the configuration such as any processes which may inhibit the encryption process. There are also specific files and directories that are excluded from encryption. Much of this is configurable at the time of building the ransomware payloads.

The targeted processes and services are noted in

the kill_processes and kill_services sections respectively. File and

folder exclusions are handled in the exclude directory_names section.

To further illustrate, the following were extracted from sample d65a131fb2bd6d80d69fe7415dc1d1fd89290394/

74464797c5d2df81db2e06f86497b2127fda6766956f1b67b0dcea9570d8b683:

Kill_Processes

backup	memtas	mepocs	msexchange
sql	svc\$	veeam	VSS

Kill_Services

agntsvc	dbeng50	dbsnmp	encsvc
excel	firefox	infopath	isqlplussvc
msaccess	mspub	mydesktopqos	mydesktopservice
notepad	ocautoupds	ocomm	ocssd
onenote	oracle	outlook	powerpnt
sqbcoreservice	sql	steam	synctime
tbirdconfig	thebat	thunderbird	visio
winword	wordpad	xfssvccon	

Exclude_Directory_Names

\$recycle.bin	\$windows.~bt	\$windows.~ws	386
adv	all users	ani	appdata
application data	autorun.inf	bat	bin
boot	boot.ini	bootfont.bin	bootsect.bak

cab	cmd	com	config.msi
cpl	cur	default	deskthemepack
diagcab	diagcfg	diagpkg	dll
drv	exclude_file_extensions:[themepack	exclude_file_names:[desktop.ini	exe
google	hlp	hta	icl
icns	ico	iconcache.db	ics
idx	intel	key	ldf
lnk	lock	mod	mozilla
mpa	msc	msi	msocache
msp	msstyles	msu]	nls
nomedia	ntldr	ntuser.dat	ntuser.dat.log]
ntuser.ini	осх	pdb	perflogs
prf	program files	program files (x86)	programdata
ps1	public	rom	rtp

scr	shs	spl	sys
system volume information	theme	thumbs.db	tor browser
windows	windows.old]	wpx	

BlackCat also spawns a number of its own processes, with syntax (for Windows) as follows:

The fsutil-based modifications are meant to allow for use of both remote and local symlinks. BlackCat enables 'remote to local' and 'remote to remote' capability.

Some more recently-built copies have a few additions. For example, in sample c1187fe0eaddee995773d6c66bcb558536e9b62c/c3e5d4e62ae4eca2bfca 22f8f3c8cbec12757f78107e91e85404611548e06e40 we see the addition of:

```
wmic.exe Shadowcopy Delete"

"iisreset.exe /stop"

bcdedit.exe /set {default} recoveryenabled No
```

Much like other fine details, all this can be adjusted or configured by the affiliates at the time of building the payloads.

BlackCat configurations are not necessarily tailored to the target operating system. In the Linux variants we have analyzed to date, there are Windows-specific process, service, and file references in the kill_processes, kill_services, and exclude_directory_names.

The following excerpt is from

sample f8c08d00ff6e8c6adb1a93cd133b19302d0b651afd73ccb54e3b6ac6c60d9

9c6.

```
"kill_services":["mepocs", "memtas", "veeam", "svc$", "backup", "sql", "vss", "msexchange"],

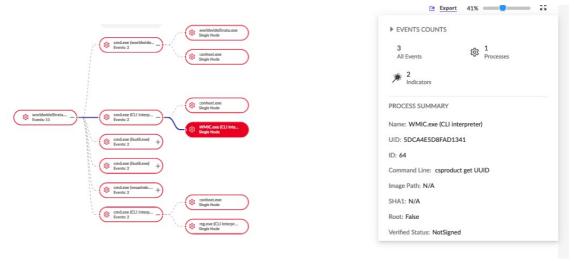
"kill_processes":["encsvc", "thebat", "mydesktopqos", "xfssvccon", "firefox", "infopath", "winword", "steam", "synctime", "notepad", "ocomm", "onenote", "mspub", "thunderbird", "a gntsvc", "sql", "excel", "powerpnt", "outlook", "wordpad", "dbeng50", "isqlplussvc", "sqbcoreservice", "oracle", "ocautoupds", "dbsnmp", "msaccess", "tbirdconfig", "ocssd", "mydesk topservice", "visio"],

"exclude_directory_names":["system volume information", "intel", "$vindows.~ws", "application data", "$recycle.bin", "mozilla", "program files (x86)", "program files", "$windows.~bt", "public", "msocache", "vindows", "default", "all users", "tor browser", "programdata", "boot", "config.mst", "google", "perflogs", "appdata", "windows.old"], "exclude_file_names":["desktop.ini", "autorun.inf", "ntldf", "bootsect.bak", "thumbs.db", "thuuser.dst", "iconcache.db", "bootfont.bin", "ntlser.ini", "ntuser.dst", "logogle", "perflogs", "appdata", "logogle", "perflogs", "logogle", "perf
```

Linux variant configuration

Specific encryption logic is not necessarily novel either and is somewhat configurable by the affiliate at the time of building the ransomware payloads. BlackCat supports both ChaCha20 and AES encryption schemes.

Extensions on encrypted files can vary across samples. Examples observed include .dkrpx75, .kh1ftzx and .wpzlbji.



BlackCat ransomware execution chain (Windows version)

Post-Infection, Payment and Portal

Infected clients will be greeted with a ransom note as well as a modified desktop image.

```
Important files on your network was DOWNLOADED and ENCRYPTED.
See "RECOVER-kh1ftzx-FILES.txt" file to get further instructions.
```

BlackCat's modified desktop image Infected uses are instructed to connect to the attackers' payment portal via TOR.

BlackCat ransom note

The ransom note informs the victim that not only have files been encrypted but data has been stolen.

Victim's are threatened with data leakage if they refuse to pay and provided with a list of data types that have been stolen.

van Eupen Logistik - vaneupen.com	Sun Dec 19 2021
Hello. All your sensitive data was downloaded to our servers. There's was you should to contact us, because if u will not - we will upload it right here.	lot personal info such as photos/videos/finance info/info about your clients/firms. If u care about your reputation/data
	Buchhaltung
	Buchungsdaten
	Finanzen
	Holding
	SFirm

SNOP GROUP		Tue Dec 21 202
650 GB, the most valuable inform Rather, contact us before we publ	ation for the company. sh the data, and your developments have not sold to manufacturers in Asia.	
	UNE COLLABORATION ACTIVE AVEC LES PLUS GRANDS CONSTRUCTEURS	

In theory, once victims connect to the attacker's portal, they are able to communicate and potentially acquire a decryption tool. Everything on the BlackCat portal is tied back to the specific target ID, which must be supplied correctly from the URL in the ransom note.

Conclusion

In its relatively short time on the radar, BlackCat has carved a notable place for itself amongst mid-tier ransomware actors. This group knows their craft and are cautious when selecting partners or affiliates. It is possible that some of the increased affiliation and activity around BlackCat

is attributed to other actors migrating to BlackCat as larger platforms fizzle out (Ryuk, Conti, LockBit and REvil).

Actors utilizing BlackCat know their targets well and make every attempt to stealthily compromise enterprises. Prevention by way of powerful, modern, endpoint security controls are a must. The SentinelOne Singularity Platform is capable of detecting and preventing BlackCat infections on both Windows and Linux endpoints.

Indicators of Compromise

SHA256

0c6f444c6940a3688ffc6f8b9d5774c032e3551ebbccb64e4280ae7fc1fa

13828b390d5f58b002e808c2c4f02fdd920e236cc8015480fa33b6c1a93 00e31

15b57c1b68cd6ce3c161042e0f3be9f32d78151fe95461eedc59a79fc22 2c7ed

1af1ca666e48afc933e2eda0ae1d6e88ebd23d27c54fd1d882161fd8c70 b678e

28d7e6fe31dc00f82cb032ba29aad6429837ba5efb83c2ce4d31d565896 e1169 2cf54942e8cf0ef6296deaa7975618dadff0c32535295d3f0d5f57755222 9ffc

38834b796ed025563774167716a477e9217d45e47def20facb027325f2 a790d1

3d7cf20ca6476e14e0a026f9bdd8ff1f26995cdc5854c3adb41a6135ef11 ba83

4e18f9293a6a72d5d42dad179b532407f45663098f959ea552ae43dbb9 725cbf

59868f4b346bd401e067380cac69080709c86e06fae219bfb5bc17605a 71ab3f

731adcf2d7fb61a8335e23dbee2436249e5d5753977ec465754c6b699e 9bf161

74464797c5d2df81db2e06f86497b2127fda6766956f1b67b0dcea9570 d8b683

7b2449bb8be1b37a9d580c2592a67a759a3116fe640041d0f36dc93ca3 db4487

7e363b5f1ba373782261713fa99e8bbc35ddda97e48799c4eb28f17989 da8d8e

bd337d4e83ab1c2cacb43e4569f977d188f1bb7c7a077026304bf186d4 9d4117 c3e5d4e62ae4eca2bfca22f8f3c8cbec12757f78107e91e85404611548e 06e40

c8b3b67ea4d7625f8b37ba59eed5c9406b3ef04b7a19b97e5dd5dab1bd 59f283

cefea76dfdbb48cfe1a3db2c8df34e898e29bec9b2c13e79ef40655c6378
33ae

f815f5d6c85bcbc1ec071dd39532a20f5ce910989552d980d1d4346f57b 75f89

f8c08d00ff6e8c6adb1a93cd133b19302d0b651afd73ccb54e3b6ac6c60 d99c6

SHA1

087497940a41d96e4e907b6dc92f75f4a38d861a 11203786b17bb3873d46acae32a898c8dac09850 2a53525eeb7b76b3d1bfe40ac349446f2add8784 45212fa4501ede5af428563f8043c4ae40faec76 57a6dfd2b021e5a4d4fe34a61bf3242ecee841b3 5869820f261f76eafa1ba00af582a9225d005c89 5c6ca5581a04955d8e4d1fa452621fbc922ecb7b 655c2567650d2c109fab443de4b737294994f1fd 783b2b053ef0345710cd2487e5184f29116e367c 89060eff6db13e7455fee151205e972260e9522a
9146a448463935b47e29155da74c68d16e0d7031
94f025f3be089252692d58e54e3e926e09634e40
a186c08d3d10885ebb129b1a0d8ea0da056fc362
c1187fe0eaddee995773d6c66bcb558536e9b62c
ce5540c0d2c54489737f3fefdbf72c889ac533a9
d65a131fb2bd6d80d69fe7415dc1d1fd89290394
da1e4a09a59565c5d62887e0e9a9f6f04a18b5f4
e17dc8062742878b0b5ced2145311929f6f77abd
e22436386688b5abe6780a462fd07cd12c3f3321
f466b4d686d1fa9fed064507639b9306b0d80bbf

MITRE ATT&CK

T1027.002 – Obfuscated Files or Information: Software Packing

T1027 – Obfuscated Files or Information

<u>T1007</u> – System Service Discovery

T1059 – Command and Scripting Interpreter

<u>TA0010</u> – Exfiltration

T1082 – System Information Discovery

<u>T1490</u> – Inhibit System Recovery

<u>T1485</u> – Data Destruction

T1078 – Valid Accounts

<u>T1486</u> – Data Encrypted For Impact

<u>T1140</u> – Encode/Decode Files or Information

T1202 – Indirect Command Execution

<u>T1543.003</u> – Create or Modify System Process: Windows Service

<u>T1550.002</u> – Use Alternate Authentication Material: Pass the Hash